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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION N
10/618,571	07/11/2003	Kevin G. Connors	SOLACE.4CP1C4	3795
20995	7590 10/04/2004		EXAM	INER
KNOBBE N	MARTENS OLSON &	LACYK, JOHN P		
2040 MAIN S	<del>-</del>	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
IRVINE, CA	<del>-</del>		3736	
			DATE MAILED: 10/04/200	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	<del>,</del>	
·	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Commen	10/618,571	CONNORS ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	John P Lacyk	3736
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet t	with the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a y within the statutory minimum of th vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MC , cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed  irty (30) days will be considered timely.  DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on      This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This      Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal ma	•
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-45 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-45 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers	•	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplished any accomplished to the separation are drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abey ion is required if the drawir	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in rity documents have bee u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/14/2003	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 

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1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 22-24 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-3, 13-16, 29-32 of copending Application No. 10/391,447. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims differ only in the limitation of the use of a high vapor pressure to transform the device, however the elimination of an element and subsequent loss of its function is an obvious expedient to one skilled in the art if the remaining elements perform the same functions as before.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

3. Claims 22-45 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 12-25 of copending Application No. 10/391,450. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims both claim a method

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of treating a patient by providing an attenuation device that is transformed from a first configuration or volume to a second configuration or volume; introducing or positioning the device into the body; and transforming the device from the first configuration or volume to the second configuration or volume; some of the claims have the step of attenuating a pressure change, however this is considered to be an inherent function of the device. The only claimed difference is the manner in which the device is "transformed". The examiner's position is that it would have been obvious to transform the device in any known manner.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

4. Claims 22-45 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 22-23 of U.S. Patent No. 6,682,473 in view of Rudy. The '473 patent claims the same device except for the specific way that the device is "transformed". Rudy teachs that it is well known to have a device using specific "high vapor pressure media" as a shock absorbing cushion. Therefore a modification of '473 such that the device is transformed using a "high pressure media" would have been obvious to one skilled in the art in view of Rudy since both devices are used to absorb shock or pressure changes.

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5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that

form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United

States.

6. Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Rudy.

Rudy discloses a shock absorbing device having a flexible housing defining a chamber

and at least on high vapor pressure media within the chamber (column 5, line 58-

column 6, line 12).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to John P Lacyk whose telephone number is 703-308-

2995.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Max Hindenburg can be reached on 308-3130. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

John P Lacyk Primary Examiner Art Unit 3736

J.P. Lacyk